

English in the Stanton Bridge Primary Curriculum

Intent

Stanton Bridge Primary School's Curriculum Statement of Intent has been constructed to reflect and incorporate each curriculum subject whilst ensuring that each subsequent content designed meets the intent at every opportunity.

Thus, the context - past, present and future - are factored in. The past - family influences, social experience and how that may contribute to their new experiences. The present — school and expanding social networks, and how this can positively shape their future given the right environmental and social factors. Finally, the future - in search of what awaits them in a fast-evolving technological world.

Hence the premise upon which our pupils will grow:

- High ambition.
- Rich in language with a passion for learning.
- Habits of Mind that serves to support achievement across all areas of learning.
- Strong basis for continuous academic growth beyond their primary years.
- Ability to regulate their social, emotional well-being, with knowledge & skills to tap into a bank of resources that enable them to be flexible in their approach to problem-solving.
- Stand shoulder to shoulder and thrive with others in a range of different roles, exhibiting leadership qualities and skills.
- Acknowledge and appreciate their heritage in world where accepting themselves as individuals and celebrating who they are is key in steering a complex and ever-changing environment.
- Having a voice and knowing that they can make a difference to the world in which they live, changing things for the better.
- Positive relationships and social networks from which they can thrive and excel, seeking and working to include others.
- Belonging to the House of Values, focused on developing character, competence and connectedness. (Relationships, Equality, Care, Thinking Flexibly, and Listening)

Character	Our pupil are taught to learning with a sense of honesty, coming to know, acknowledge and appreciate both strengths and areas for further growth learning. They are then taught to respect the learning ahead of them and to appreciate this opportunity to learn where this is not the case for many across the world.
Competence	Pupils will have high aspiration for learning, demonstrate confidence in key concepts learned, use subject specific vocabulary, working both independently and interconnected dependent on task set.
Connectedness	Pupils will work in harmony with others, within familiar and unfamiliar surroundings.



Implementation:

Pedagogy: The understanding of how concepts are taught.

Pedagogy is the 'method of teaching'. At Stanton Bridge, we use the Barak Rosenshine's Principles of Instruction to establish Effective Teaching Practice. This is further strengthened by the use of Thinking Frames that support in the development of Metacognition. Our school's approach to Teaching and Learning is rooted in the Science of Learning and as such, all staff members are routinely engaged in school improvement activities to develop pedagogy and specific CPD to ensure subject content is expertly delivered. This of course sits alongside individualised mentoring and coaching to support continuous improvements in practice. Responsive coaching also serves to ensure each adult knows the relevant next steps to maximise learning opportunities for all groups of pupils.

Core concepts

Core Concept in Reading

Reading is fundamental to education. Proficiency in reading, writing and spoken language is vital for pupils' success. Through these, they develop communication skills for education and for working with others: in schools, in training and in work.

Word Reading

Skilled word reading involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words.

Teachers should build on work from the early years foundation stage, making sure that pupils can sound and blend unfamiliar printed words quickly and accurately using the phonic knowledge and skills that they

have already learnt.

The understanding that the letter(s) on the page represent the sounds in spoken words should underpin pupils' reading and spelling of all words. This includes common words containing unusual Grapheme-Phoneme Correspondences.

Pupils need to develop the skill of blending the sounds into words for reading and establish the habit of applying this skill whenever they encounter new words. This will be supported by practice in reading books consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and skill and their knowledge of common exception words.

Comprehension

Good comprehension draws from linguistic knowledge and on knowledge of the world.
Comprehension skills develop through pupils' experience of high-quality discussion with the teacher, as well as from reading and discussing a range of stories, poems and non-fiction.

Pupils should have extensive experience of listening to, sharing and discussing a wide range of high-quality books to engender a love of reading at the same time as they are reading independently.

Pupils should learn about cause and effect in both narrative and non-fiction and recognise themes in what they read, such as the triumph of good over evil or the use of magical devices in fairy stories and folk tales.

Deliberate steps should be taken to increase pupils' vocabulary and their awareness of grammar so that they continue to understand the differences between spoken and written language.

Pupils should have the opportunity to read extracts as well as whole books and poetry so that they meet books and authors that they might not choose to read themselves.

Reading for pleasure

Whatever pupils' socio-economic background, making sure that they become engaged with reading from the beginning is one of the most important ways to make a difference to their life chances.

Pupils should be taught to use the skills they have learnt and continue to apply these skills to read for different reasons, including for pleasure.

Pupils should continue to have opportunities to listen frequently to stories, poems, non-fiction and other writing, including whole books and not just extracts, so that they build on what has been previously taught.

They should also meet books and authors that they might not choose themselves. Pupils should also have opportunities to exercise choice in selecting books and be taught how to do so.



Reading Delivery:

Lesson timings	Type of delivery			
	Synthetic phonics: Read, Write Inc			
Reading delivery: 40 minutes	Lessons follow the sequence of learning as planned within the Read, Write Inc reading scheme. Lessons and			
per day.	delivery are personalised and targeted in line with school set expectations and cohort needs.			
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	Reading comprehension:			
	Pupils take part in small group guided comprehension using well-chosen texts. They apply their knowledge and			
	understanding of what they have read through the use of specifically designed tasks.			

Reading Planning:

Phonics Lesson Structure		Notes			
I.	Review	Pupils review prior learning and sounds			
2.	Learning Intention	Teacher to share learning intention, learning outcomes and key vocabulary including definitions and			
	Learning Outcomes	images.			
	Vocabulary				
3.	Main Teach	Didactic teaching of the key concepts using 'My Turn, Your Turn'.			
4.	Teacher Model	Teacher to verbalise thinking out loud, with no pupil input.			
5.	Shared Model	Pupil input using directed questions.			
6.	Independent	White board work and teachers check through questioning and observation.			
7.	Main Task	Independent/pair/groups — pupils practice and embed new concept/consolidate.			
		Teacher facilitates learning through teacher live marking and checks on progress throughout the lesson,			
		intervene and question for understanding, furthering knowledge.			
8.	Plenary/Reflection	Check in at the end or during the lesson, flexible, as and when best suited.			

	Guided Comprehension	Notes				
	Lesson Structure					
1.	Review	Pupils review previous reading.				
2.	Vocabulary	Teacher to share key vocabulary deemed needed to be pre-taught and discussed prior to reading.				
3.	Main Teach	Reading, questioning and discussion of additional unknown vocabulary to promote comprehension of what has been read.				
4.	Teacher Model	Teacher to verbalise thinking out loud, with no pupil input.				
5.	Shared Model	Pupil input using directed questions.				
6.	Independent	White board work and teachers check through questioning and observation.				
7.	Main Task	Independent/pair/groups — pupils practice and embed new concept/consolidate through scaffolded tasks designed tasks by their teacher.				
		Teacher facilitates learning through teacher live marking and checks on progress throughout the lesson, intervene and question for understanding, furthering knowledge.				
8.	Plenary/Reflection	Check in at the end or during the lesson, flexible, as and when best suited.				



Annual Organisation

Read, Write Inc

Set I A - Set I

Less than 16 single letter sounds.

Set I B - Set I

More than 16single letter sound but cannot blend orally.

Set I C- Set I

Most Set I single letter sounds and can blend sounds into words orally.

Ditties – Set I

All Set I single sounds speedily

Can read cv and cvc words using Fred talk.

Red-Set I

All Set I single sounds speedily and special friends (sh,ch,qung,nk)

Can apply to cove and ovec words using Fred talk

Green — Set 2

All Set I single sounds speedily and special friends (sh,ch,qung,nk).

Can read cvcc, ccvc and ccvcc words using Fred talk

Purple — Set 2

All Set I single sounds speedily and special friends (sh,ch,qung,nk)

Can read ccvc and cvcc words and ccvc using Fred talk.

Can read cvc and ccvc words at speed example: had, then.

Pink – Set 2

The first six Set 2 sounds Speedily (ay, ee, igh, ow, oo, oo)

Can read them in real and alien words using Fred talk.

Can read cvcc, cvccc at speed. Example: catch, mess

Orange — Set 3

The first six Set 2 sounds (ay, ee, igh, ow, oo, oo)and the second 6 set 2 sounds (ar,o, air, ir, ou , oy) speedily.

Can read them in real and alien words using Fred talk.

Can read cvcc, cccvvc ccvcc at speed. Example: must, street, along

Yellow — Set 3

Can recognise all set 2 sounds and read them at speed.

Can read them in real and alien words using Fred talk.

Can read longer words such as yellow.

Blue — Set 3

Know the first six Set 3 Sounds speedily (ea oi a-e i-e o-e u-e)

Can read 60–70+ words per minute.

Attempts to read with intonation to show comprehension

Grey — Set 3

Knows all Set 3 Sounds speedily

Reads 70—80+ words per minute.

Attempts to read with intonation to show comprehension

Off

knows all Set 3 Sounds speedily

Can read 80–90+ words per minute

Reads with intonation that shows some comprehension



Guided Comprehension.

All pupils off the Read, Write Inc programme:

Vocabulary	infer	Predict	Explain	RETRIEVE	Summarise
Vocabulary. KSI: Draw upon knowledge of vocabulary in order to understand the text. KS2: Find and explain the meaning of words in context.	KSI: Make inferences from the text. KS2: Make and justify inferences using evidence from the text.	KSI: Predict what you think will happen based on the information you have been given. KS2: Predict what might happen from the details given and implied.	KSI: Explain your preferences, thoughts and opinions about the text. KS2: Explain how content is related and contributes to the meaning as a whole. Explain how meaning is enhanced through choice of language. Explain themes and patterns that	KSI: Identify and explain the key features of fiction and non-fiction texts such as: characters, events, titles and information. KS2: Retrieve and record information and identify key details from fiction and non-fiction.	KSI: Sequence events from the text. KS2: Summarise the main ideas from more than one paragraph.
			develop across the text.		

Home Readers:

Pupils at Stanton Bridge take home 2 books to read.

Book 1: RWI or Oxford reading tree book matched to their RWI or reading stage level. This book contains only sounds that pupils have learnt and are accessible using their prior knowledge and phonic understanding.

Book 2: A more challenging book from Oxford Reading Tree or the 'Free readers' section of the home reading library. This book will be more challenging and provides families with a book to read together.

Pupils are also tested on their ability to read the words set out within the National Curriculum expectations, those needing additional support take home 5 words to practice -3 they know and 2 they are unfamiliar with. As words are learnt, they are replaced until all words on the lists can be read fluently.









Pupils are expected to read at home every night, this enables them to take part in our 'Reading nights challenge' where they earn certificates, badges and prizes. Parents are invited to celebrate their child's reading achievements in school together in our celebration assembly each term.





Pupils are further encouraged to read every night through our 'Raffle Ticket' incentive. Each morning, pupils are given a raffle ticket if they have read the previous evening. At the end of the week, all raffle tickets in their class are collected and I winner chosen to receive a prize. At the end of each half term, all raffle tickets for that time period are collected from across the whole school. 3 winners are chosen from across the school, receiving an Amazon Kindle to borrow for the coming half term. Pupils are able to choose their own age-appropriate books to read on their Kindle.

Reading for pleasure:

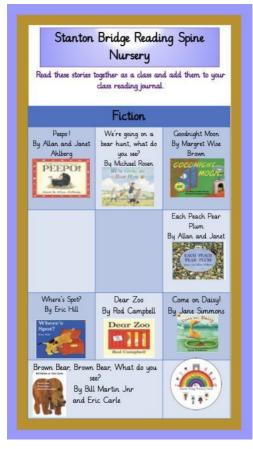
School library: Stanton Bridge has 2 school libraries that are available for pupils and staff to use. A fiction library, stocked with specifically chosen, progressive fiction and Poetry books spanning a wide range of genres, authors and cultures. A Non-fiction library is also available containing a wide range of taught topics as well as other topics related to pupil interests, cultures and world events.

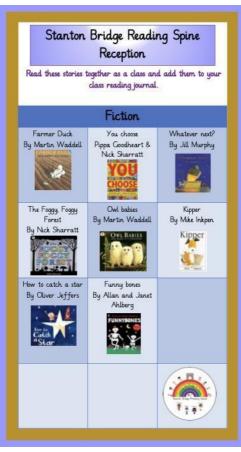
Class library: Each classroom has a teacher designed 'Reading Area', that has been created to give pupils an exciting, well-resourced area in which to enjoy reading. Reading Areas are stocked with a range of colour coded, level appropriate books for pupils to access on a daily basis.

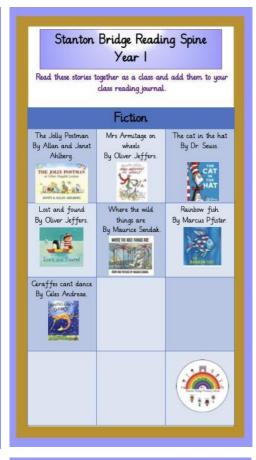
ERIC: Everyone Reading In Class. Pupils have timetabled slots where they, and the adults in class read their own book of choice. This could be their home reader book, a book borrowed from the class library, from the school library or a book bought from home.

Reading Spine: Teaching and Learning timetables at Stanton Bridge all map out a timeslot each day where pupils and adults enjoy a class story together. Books and authors have been chosen specifically for their content and language, ensuring that all pupils have access to high-quality texts that are read to them by adults across school. These texts will continuously be reviewed and added to as pupils' interests change and new texts are sought. Overtime, the spine will be extended to include Poetry and Non-Fiction.

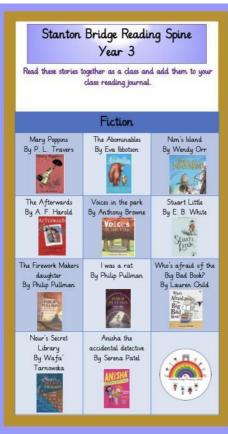








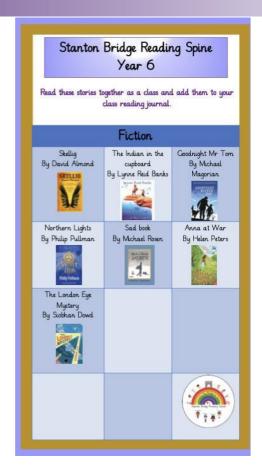












All books in the above areas have been specifically, hand chosen for pupils in the community we serve as well as to ensure that all pupils have access to a wide range of books that they may not otherwise have access to or interest in.

Impact

The ultimate test of the impact of the curriculum is in whether the students know what you want them to know, and what you think they should know. This has been carefully mapped against the core concepts for Writing in the tables on the following pages. To determine this, we check and monitor children's learning, providing teachers and students with information about progress and analysis of deliberate retrieval practice. We need to be able to fluidly use 'checking for understanding' techniques in the moment as well as being able to know what has been learnt and retained over time and the depth of that learning:

- We use checking for understanding techniques through quizzes and targeted questioning to ensure we are aware of all students learning during the lesson and adapt the pace as necessary.
- Retrieval practice is built in where most impactful to interrupt the forgetting curve and secure constructs in long term memory.
- Depth of knowledge is then assessed through end of unit assessment quizzes, teacher discussion and observation and pupil portfolios on Showbie. Pupils are assessed against core concepts, which is recorded on DC Pro.



Reading specific Impact Measures

- Pupils who are on the RWI programme are assessed every 3 weeks and re-grouped accordingly.
- All pupils on the programme deemed to be behind expected attainment according to school expectations, receives short, focussed intervention sessions at least twice a day.
- Pupils off the programme complete a termly summative assessment and results logged using online tracker, DC Pro.
- Pupils continually assessed in class by teacher and regrouped as deemed necessary.
- Drop-in checks made for all home readers to validate level of reading books provided.